

Compact C^* -quantum groupoids

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Quantum groupoids/Hopf bimodules — Introduction

Ingredients of a quantum groupoid: ▶ a Hopf bimodule

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 B & \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{\rho} \\ \xrightarrow{\sigma} \end{array} & A & \xrightarrow{\Delta} & A_{\sigma^* \rho} A \\
 & & \underset{H}{\underset{Q}{\circlearrowleft}} & & \underset{H_{\sigma \otimes_{\rho} H}}{\underset{Q}{\circlearrowleft}}
 \end{array}$$

- ▶ left/right Haar weights, antipode, modular element, ...

Flavours of quantum groupoids: ▶ finite ones [Böhm,
Szlachányi, Nikshych, ...]

- ▶ cnt. bundles of l.c. quantum groups [Blanchard, Enock]
- ▶ measurable quantum groupoids in the setting of von Neumann algebras [Enock, Lesieur, Vallin]
- ▶ **locally compact quantum groupoids in the setting of C^* -algebras?**

What is a Hilbert module over a KMS-weight?

Given: C^* -algebra B with faithful KMS-weight μ

\leadsto GNS-rep. $B \hookrightarrow \mathcal{L}(H_\mu)$, commutant $B' \subseteq \mathcal{L}(H_\mu)$

Def.: Hilbert C^* -module over $\mu := (H, \alpha)$, where

- ▶ H Hilbert space, α closed subspace of $\mathcal{L}(H_\mu, H)$,
- ▶ $[\alpha H_\mu] = H$, $[\alpha^* \alpha] = B$, $[\alpha B] = \alpha$

Lemma: ▶ α is a Hilbert C^* -module over B

- ▶ $\alpha \otimes_B H_\mu \cong H$ via $\xi \otimes_B \eta \equiv \xi \eta$
- ▶ \exists normal nd. representation $\rho_\alpha: B' \rightarrow \mathcal{L}(H)$ s.t.

$$\rho_\alpha(x)\xi\eta = \xi x \eta \text{ for all } \xi \in \alpha, \eta \in H_\mu$$

Examples of Hilbert C^* -modules over KMS-weights

1. If B commutative, then

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \{\text{Hilbert } C^*\text{-modules over } \mu\} & \rightarrow & \{\text{n. nd. representations of } B'\} \\
 \uparrow \downarrow & & \uparrow \downarrow \\
 \{\text{cont. Hilbert bundles on } \widehat{B}\} & \rightarrow & \{\mu\text{-mb. Hilbert bundles on } \widehat{B}\}
 \end{array}$$

2. If $B \subseteq A$ and $\phi: A \rightarrow B$ is a conditional expectation s.t.

$\nu := \mu \circ \phi$ is a KMS-weight on A , then:

- ▶ \exists GNS-map $\Lambda_\phi: A \rightarrow \mathcal{L}(H_\mu, H_\nu)$ s.t. $\Lambda_\phi(a)\Lambda_\mu(b) = \Lambda_\nu(ab)$
- ▶ $(H_\nu, \overline{\Lambda_\phi(A)})$ is a Hilbert C^* -module over μ

What is a Hilbert bimodule over KMS-weights?

Given: C^* -algebras B, C with faithful KMS-weights μ, ν

- ↪ opposite KMS-weight μ^{op} on B^{op} via $b^{op} \mapsto \mu(b)$
- ↪ GNS-representations $B^{op} \curvearrowright H_{\mu^{op}} \cong H_{\mu} \curvearrowleft B$

Def.: *Hilbert C^* -bimodule over (μ^{op}, ν)* := (H, α, β) , where

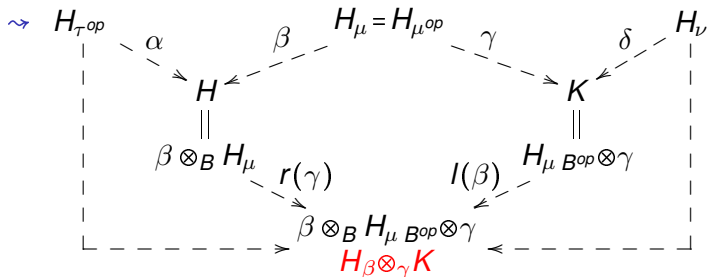
- ▶ $(H, \alpha), (H, \beta)$ Hilbert C^* -modules over μ^{op}, ν
- ▶ $\alpha = [\rho_{\beta}(C^{op})\alpha]$ and $\beta = [\rho_{\alpha}(B)\beta]$

Ex.: If $B \subseteq A$, $\phi: A \rightarrow B$ and $\nu = \mu \circ \phi$ are as before, then

- ▶ \exists opposite cond. expectation $\phi^{op}: A^{op} \rightarrow B^{op}$ with GNS-map $\Lambda_{\phi^{op}}: A^{op} \rightarrow \mathcal{L}(H_{\mu^{op}}, H_{\nu})$
- ▶ $(H_{\nu}, \overline{\Lambda_{\phi^{op}}(A^{op})}, \overline{\Lambda_{\phi}(A)})$ is H.- C^* -bimodule/ (μ^{op}, μ)

The relative tensor product of Hilbert C^* -bimodules

Given: H.- C^* -bimod. (H, α, β) , (K, γ, δ) over (τ^{op}, μ) , (μ^{op}, ν)



Hilbert C^* -bimodule over (τ^{op}, ν)

- Thm:
- ▶ this tensor product is functorial, unital, associative
 - ▶ \exists natural iso. $H_{\beta \otimes \gamma} K \cong H_{\rho_{\beta} \otimes_{\tilde{\mu}} \rho_{\gamma}} K$ (Connes' fusion)
 - ▶ $(H, \alpha, \beta) \mapsto (H, \rho_{\alpha}, \rho_{\beta})$ is a monoidal functor from H.- C^* -bimodules/ (μ^{op}, μ) to H.-bimodules/ (B'', B')

What is a Hopf C^* -bimodule?

Def.: C^* -algebra over $\mu := (H, \alpha, A)$, where

- ▶ (H, α) Hilbert C^* -module over μ
- ▶ $A \subseteq \mathcal{L}(H)$ nd. C^* -algebra and $\rho_\alpha(B^{op}) \subseteq M(A)$

Ex.: $B \subseteq A$, $\phi: A \rightarrow B$ and $\nu = \mu \circ \phi$ as before

$\rightsquigarrow (H_\nu, \overline{\Lambda_{\phi^{op}}(A^{op})}, A)$ is a C^* -algebra over μ^{op}

Def.: category of C^* -algebras over $(\mu^{op}, \tau) \dots$

Def.: Hopf C^* -bimodule over $\mu := (H, \alpha, \beta, \Delta)$, where

- ▶ (H, α, β, A) – briefly $A_H^{\alpha, \beta}$ – is a C^* -algebra/ (μ, μ^{op})
- ▶ a coassociative $\Delta \in \text{Mor}(A_H^{\alpha, \beta}, A_H^{\alpha, \beta} * A_H^{\alpha, \beta})$

Lemma: $(H, \rho_\alpha, \rho_\beta, A'', \tilde{\Delta})$ is a Hopf-von Neumann-bimodule

The fiber product of C^* -algebras over KMS-weights

Given: (H, α, β, A) , (K, γ, δ, B) C^* -algebras/ (μ^{op}, τ) , (τ^{op}, ν)

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} \rightsquigarrow & H & \overset{\text{-----}}{\dashrightarrow} & H_{\beta} \otimes_{\gamma} K & \overset{\text{-----}}{\dashleftarrow} & K \\ & | & r(\gamma) & | & I(\beta) & | \\ A & | & & A_{\beta} *_{\gamma} B & & B \\ & \downarrow & r(\gamma) & \downarrow & I(\beta) & \downarrow \\ & H & \overset{\text{-----}}{\dashrightarrow} & H_{\beta} \otimes_{\gamma} K & \overset{\text{-----}}{\dashleftarrow} & K \end{array}$$

$$A_{\beta} *_{\gamma} B := \{ T : T^{(*)} I(\beta) \subseteq [I(\beta)B], T^{(*)} r(\gamma) \subseteq [r(\gamma)A] \}$$

is a C^* -algebra over (μ^{op}, ν) if it is nondegenerate

- Lemma:**
- ▶ this fiber product is functorial, not associative, unital only on certain subcategories
 - ▶ $A_{\beta} *_{\gamma} B \subseteq A''_{\rho_{\beta}} *_{\rho_{\gamma}} B''$ (fiber product of v.N.-alg.)

Compact Hopf C^* -bimodules I

- Axioms:**
- ▶ B unital C^* -algebra with faithful KMS-state μ
 - ▶ A unital C^* -algebra with faithful KMS-states ν, ν^{-1}
 - ▶ $\rho: B \rightarrow A, \sigma: B^{op} \rightarrow A$ unital embeddings
 - ▶ $\phi: A \rightarrow \rho(B) \cong B, \psi: A \rightarrow \sigma(B^{op}) \cong B^{op}$ faithful cond. expectations s.t. $\nu = \mu \circ \phi, \nu^{-1} = \mu^{op} \circ \psi$
 - ▶ $\exists \delta = d\nu/d\nu^{-1} \in A \cap \rho(B)' \cap \sigma(B^{op})'$
- Lemma:**
- ▶ $H := H_\nu \cong H_{\nu^{-1}}$ is a Hilbert C^* -module over $(\mu, \mu^{op}, \mu^{op}, \mu)$ w.r.t. $\widehat{\alpha} := \overline{\Lambda_\phi(A)}, \widehat{\beta} := \overline{\Lambda_\psi(A)}, \beta := \overline{\Lambda_{\phi^{op}}(A^{op})}, \alpha := \overline{\Lambda_{\psi^{op}}(A^{op})}$
 - ▶ (H, α, β, A) is a C^* -algebra over (μ, μ^{op})

Compact Hopf C^* -bimodules II

- Axioms:**
- ▶ Δ s.t. $(H, \alpha, \beta, A, \Delta)$ is a Hopf C^* -bimodule
 - ▶ ϕ is *left-* and ψ *right-invariant* w.r.t. Δ
 - ▶ $\Delta(\delta) = \delta_\alpha \otimes_\beta \delta$
 - ▶ R anti-automorphism of A that flips ρ, σ and ϕ, ψ
 - ▶ *strong invariance* relating ϕ, ψ and R

Theorem: ▶ \exists *regular C^* -pseudo-multiplicative unitary*

$$H_{\widehat{\beta} \otimes_\alpha H} \cong_{\widehat{\beta} \otimes_{\rho_\alpha} H} \xrightarrow{V} \alpha \otimes_{\rho_\beta} H \cong H_\alpha \otimes_\beta H$$

$$\Lambda_\psi(a) \otimes_{\rho_\alpha} \omega \mapsto \Delta(a)(\Lambda_{\psi^{op}}(1^{op}) \otimes_{\rho_\beta} \omega)$$

- ▶ \exists anti-unitary $l: H \rightarrow H$, $\Lambda_{\nu^{-1}}(a) \mapsto \Lambda_\nu(R(a)^*)$,
 $(V, \lambda^{i/4} IJ_\phi)$ is a *weak C^* -pseudo-Kac system*

C^* -pseudo-multiplicative unitaries I

Def.: C^* -pseudo-multiplicative unitary := $(H, \widehat{\beta}, \alpha, \beta, V)$, where

- ▶ $(H, \widehat{\beta}, \alpha, \beta)$ is a Hilbert C^* -trimodule / $(\mu^{op}, \mu, \mu^{op})$
- ▶ $V: H_{\widehat{\beta}} \otimes_{\alpha} H \rightarrow H_{\alpha} \otimes_{\beta} H$ is a unitary and a morphism of Hilbert C^* -modules over $(\mu, \mu^{op}, \mu, \mu^{op})$
- ▶ $V_{12} V_{13} V_{23} = V_{23} V_{12}$ (V_{ij} : op. on $H_{\gamma} \otimes_{\gamma} H_{\gamma} \otimes_{\gamma} H$)

Prop.: $(H, \rho_{\widehat{\beta}}, \rho_{\alpha}, \rho_{\beta}, V)$ is a pseudo-multiplicative unitary in the sense of [Vallin, Enock, Lesieur]

- Ex.**
- ▶ cont. bundles of multiplicative unitaries [Blanchard]
 - ▶ locally compact groupoids
 - ▶ tracial conditional expectations
 - ▶ external tensor product, direct sum, restriction, ...

C^* -pseudo-multiplicative unitaries II

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
 H & \xrightarrow{r(\alpha)} & H_{\widehat{\beta}} \otimes_{\alpha} H & \xleftarrow{I(\widehat{\beta})} & H \\
 \downarrow A(V) & & \downarrow V & & \downarrow \widehat{A}(V) \\
 H & \xleftarrow{r(\beta)^*} & H_{\alpha} \otimes_{\beta} H & \xrightarrow{I(\alpha)^*} & H
 \end{array}$$

Def.: V regular $:\Leftrightarrow [I(\alpha)^* V r(\alpha)] = [\alpha \alpha^*]$

Thm.: V regular $\Rightarrow (H, \alpha, \beta, A(V), \Delta)$ and $(H, \widehat{\beta}, \alpha, \widehat{A}(V), \widehat{\Delta})$ are Hopf C^* -bimodules, where $\Delta, \widehat{\Delta}$ are given by
 $\Delta: a \mapsto V(1_{\widehat{\beta}} \otimes_{\alpha} a) V^*$, $\widehat{\Delta}: \widehat{a} \mapsto V^*(\widehat{a}_{\alpha} \otimes_{\beta} 1) V$

Ex.: If V is the unitary of $(B, \mu, A, \rho, \sigma, \phi, \psi, \delta, \Delta, R)$, then
 $A(V) = A$, $(H, \widehat{\beta}, \alpha, \widehat{A}(V), \widehat{\Delta})$ is the *dual* Hopf C^* -bimod.

Rmk.: representations/corepresentations of V lead to *universal*
 C^* -algebras $A_u(V), \widehat{A}_u(V)$

C^* -pseudo-Kac systems and duality for coactions

Def.: *Coaction* of a Hopf C^* -bimodule $(H, \alpha, \beta, A, \Delta)$ over $\mu :=$

- ▶ C^* -algebra C_K^γ over μ with
- ▶ $\delta \in \text{Mor}(C_K^\gamma, C_K^\gamma * A_H^{\alpha, \beta})$ s.t. $(\delta * \text{id}) \circ \delta = (\text{id} * \Delta) \circ \delta$

Ex.: actions on and Fell bundles of l.c. Hausdorff groupoids

Def.: C^* -pseudo-Kac system := C^* -pseudo-multiplicative unitary $(H, \widehat{\beta}, \alpha, \beta, V)$ and unitary $U: H \rightarrow H$ s.t. ...

Def./Prop.: \exists “red. crossed product/dual coaction” functors

$$\{\text{coactions of } (A(V)_H^{\alpha, \beta}, \Delta)\} \rightleftarrows \{\text{coactions of } (\widehat{A}(V)_H^{\widehat{\beta}, \alpha}, \widehat{\Delta})\}$$

Thm.: Every *well-behaved* coaction is *equivariantly Morita equivalent* to its bidual